Mathematics
Standard level
Paper 1

Tuesday 12 May 2015 (morning)

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions to candidates

• Write your session number in the boxes above.
• Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
• You are not permitted access to any calculator for this paper.
• Section A: answer all questions in the boxes provided.
• Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
• Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
• A clean copy of the Mathematics SL formula booklet is required for this paper.
• The maximum mark for this examination paper is [90 marks].
Section A

Answer all questions in the boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 6]

A bag contains eight marbles. Three marbles are red and five are blue. Two marbles are drawn from the bag without replacement.

(a) Write down the probability that the first marble drawn is red. [1]

(b) Complete the following tree diagram. [3]

(c) Find the probability that both marbles are blue. [2]
2. [Maximum mark: 6]

Let \( f(x) = a \sin bx \), where \( b > 0 \). The following diagram shows part of the graph of \( f \).

(a) (i) Find the period of \( f \).

(ii) Write down the amplitude of \( f \). [3]

(b) (i) Write down the value of \( a \).

(ii) Find the value of \( b \). [3]
3. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following cumulative frequency diagram shows the lengths of 160 fish, in cm.

(This question continues on the following page)
(Question 3 continued)

(a) Find the median length. 

The following frequency table also gives the lengths of the 160 fish.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Length $x$ cm</th>
<th>$0 \leq x \leq 2$</th>
<th>$2 &lt; x \leq 3$</th>
<th>$3 &lt; x \leq 4.5$</th>
<th>$4.5 &lt; x \leq 6$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>$p$</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>$q$</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) (i) Write down the value of $p$.

(ii) Find the value of $q$. 

........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
........................................................................................................................................
4. [Maximum mark: 7]

Let \( g(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x} \).

(a) Find \( g'(x) \). [4]

(b) Find \( \int g(x) \, dx \). [3]
5. [Maximum mark: 6]

Let \( f(x) = e^{-2x} \).

(a) Write down \( f'(x) \), \( f''(x) \), and \( f^{(3)}(x) \). \([3]\)

(b) Find an expression for \( f^{(n)}(x) \). \([3]\)
6. [Maximum mark: 8]

Let \( f(x) = ax^3 + bx \). At \( x = 0 \), the gradient of the curve of \( f \) is 3. Given that \( f^{-1}(7) = 1 \), find the value of \( a \) and of \( b \).
A bag contains black and white chips. Rose pays $10 to play a game where she draws a chip from the bag. The following table gives the probability of choosing each colour chip.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outcome</th>
<th>black</th>
<th>white</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Probability</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rose gets no money if she draws a white chip, and gets $k$ if she draws a black chip. The game is fair. Find the value of $k$. 
Section B

Answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

8. [Maximum mark: 15]

Let \( f(x) = a(x + 3)(x - 1) \). The following diagram shows part of the graph of \( f \).

The graph has \( x \)-intercepts at \((p, 0)\) and \((q, 0)\), and a \( y \)-intercept at \((0, 12)\).

(a) (i) Write down the value of \( p \) and of \( q \).

(ii) Find the value of \( a \). [6]

(b) Find the equation of the axis of symmetry of the graph of \( f \). [3]

(c) Find the largest value of \( f \). [3]

The function \( f \) can also be written as \( f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k \).

(d) Find the value of \( h \) and of \( k \). [3]
9. [Maximum mark: 15]

Let P and Q have coordinates \((1, 0, 2)\) and \((-11, 8, m)\) respectively.

(a) Express \(\overrightarrow{PQ}\) in terms of \(m\). [2]

Let \(a\) and \(b\) be perpendicular vectors, where \(a = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ n \end{pmatrix}\) and \(b = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\).

(b) Find \(n\). [4]

(c) Given that \(\overrightarrow{PQ}\) is parallel to \(b\),

(i) express \(\overrightarrow{PQ}\) in terms of \(b\);

(ii) hence find \(m\). [5]

In part (d), distance is in metres, time is in seconds.

(d) A particle moves along a straight line through Q so that its position is given by \(r = c + ta\).

(i) Write down a possible vector \(c\).

(ii) Find the speed of the particle. [4]
Consider a function $f$ with domain $-3 < x < 3$. The following diagram shows the graph of $f'$, the derivative of $f$.

The graph of $f'$ has $x$-intercepts at $x = a$, $x = 0$, and $x = d$. There is a local maximum at $x = b$ and local minima at $x = a$ and at $x = c$.

(a) Find all possible values of $x$ where the graph of $f$ is decreasing. [3]

(b) (i) Find the value of $x$ where the graph of $f$ has a local minimum.

(ii) Justify your answer. [3]

(c) The total area of the region enclosed by the graph of $f'$ and the $x$-axis is 15. Given that $f(a) = 3$ and $f(d) = -1$, find the value of $f(0)$. [8]